



Recent and fossil Isopoda Bopyridae parasitic on squat lobsters and porcelain crabs (Crustacea: Anomura: Chirostyloidea and Galattheoidea), with notes on nomenclature and biogeography

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Abstract

The parasitic isopod family Bopyridae contains approximately 600 species that parasitize calanoid copepods as larvae and decapod crustaceans as adults. In total, 105 species of these parasites (~18% of all bopyrids) are documented from Recent squat lobsters and porcelain crabs in the superfamilies Chirostyloidea and Galattheoidea. Aside from one endoparasite, all the bopyrids reported herein belong to the branchially infesting subfamily Pseudioninae. Approximately 29% (67 of 233 species) of pseudionine species parasitize squat lobsters and 16% (38 of 233 species) parasitize porcelain crabs. Bopyrids are found in five of six squat lobster families (lacking only in Kiwaidae) and the sole porcelain crab family Porcellanidae. Six pseudionine genera are shared between squat lobsters and porcelain crabs. The deepest bathymetric records of bopyrids on squat lobster hosts (5210 m), and records of swellings interpreted as indications of bopyrid presence in fossil host taxa are noted. Four nomenclatural issues are resolved and the proper form of citation for the French zoologist C. E. Hesse is provided. Biogeographic distributions for squat lobsters and porcelain crabs are discussed and compared to those of hermit crabs.

Key words: Bopyridae, Chirostyloidea, hermit crab, Galattheoidea, Isopoda, parasite, Porcellanidae, squat lobster, taxonomy

Introduction

The parasitic isopod family Bopyridae contains approximately 600 valid described species, all of which are parasitic on calanoid copepods as larvae and decapod crustaceans as adults (Boyko & Williams 2009). Adult females are highly modified parasites with a distorted, non-symmetrical body, non-motile pereopods and a well-developed marsupium devoted to the brooding of large numbers of eggs; males are dwarf and have a less modified, more typical isopod form. Bopyrids are found across a wide range of decapod hosts and ~12% of anomuran species are parasitized by bopyrids; anomurans are second only to caridean shrimps as the most common hosts for parasitic isopods (Boyko & Williams 2009). Nearly all bopyrids occurring on squat lobsters and porcelain crabs are members of the subfamily Pseudioninae and live ectoparasitically in the branchial chambers of hosts where they modify the shape of the branchiostegite, giving the host a lopsided appearance (e.g., Baba 2005: fig. 2). Only one species of bopyrid (subfamily Entophilinae) lives endoparasitically within the thorax of squat lobster hosts (Adkison & Collard 1990). Understanding of the phylogenetic relationships of squat lobsters and porcelain crabs has recently improved (see Ah Yong *et al.* 2010; Schnabel & Ah Yong 2010), and these new classifications are followed in this work. The term “squat lobsters” does not refer to a monophyletic group, because Chirostyloidea is more closely related to Lomisoidea and Aegloidea than to Galattheoidea (Ah Yong *et al.* 2009). Therefore, we use terms “squat lobster” and “hermit crab” (another paraphyletic assemblage) as ecomorphotypes rather than as phylogenetic units (porcelain crabs are specialized for filter feeding and are a monophyletic group within the larger Galattheoidea).

The present work includes a complete list of the bopyrids of squat lobsters and porcelain crabs (with synonyms), and a summary of the total number of host species, including those fossil taxa bearing carapace swellings interpreted as evidence of bopyrid infestation. During the course of this survey, we resolved several nomenclatural problems that had either been addressed previously but not generally recognized or that were in need of resolution. Although no host was cited in the original and only description to date, *Cryptione laevis* Richardson, 1910 (now placed in *Pleurocryptella*, see Bourdon 1979; 1981) from the Philippines (198–247 m) is likely hosted by a squat lobster, as are all other species in *Pleurocryptella*. Additional collection of topotypic material is needed to confirm host identity and therefore we do not include this species in the tables or in the data used to generate Figure 1.

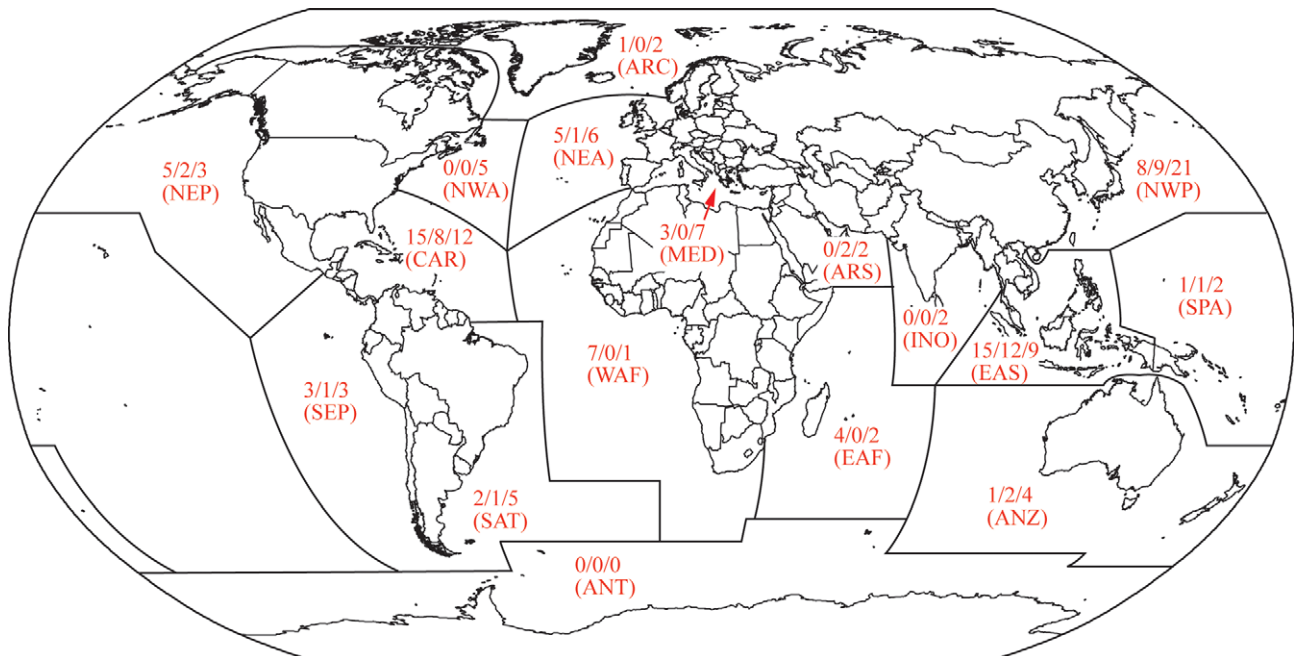


FIGURE 1. Biogeographic distribution of bopyrid parasitic isopods associated with squat lobster, porcelain crab, and hermit crab hosts across major marine ecoregions. Numbers of parasite species indicated for squat lobster/porcellanid/hermit crab hosts shown above ecoregional abbreviations in parentheses (ANT, Antarctic; ANZ, Australia/New Zealand; ARC, Arctic; ARS, Arabian Sea; CAR, Wider Caribbean; EAF, East Africa; EAS, East Asian Sea; INO, Central Indian Ocean; MED, Mediterranean; NEA, North East Atlantic; NEP, North East Pacific; NWA, North West Atlantic; NWP, North West Pacific; SAT, South Atlantic; SEP, South East Pacific; SPA, South Pacific; WAF, West Africa). Only described species included. Ecoregions based on “Marine Regions” of Kelleher *et al.* (1995).

This paper complements a summary of all parasites and other symbionts of squat lobsters (but not of porcelain crabs) (Boyko & Williams 2011). Reviews of bopyrids from hermit crabs have been published (Markham 2003; McDermott *et al.* 2010), and thus, excepting bopyrids from hosts in Hippoidea and Lithodoidea (no bopyrids are known from Lomisoidea or Aegloidea), the present work completes the cataloging all known parasitic isopods associated with anomuran hosts.

Material and methods

Data on the symbionts of squat lobsters were gathered from the literature since 1864 (inception of the *Zoological Record*), examination of our own files, and searches made using the squat lobster literature database (<http://decapoda.arthinfo.org/references/squatlobsters.html>). Names of host taxa follow Baba *et al.* (2008), whereas the higher taxon categories for hosts follow Ahyong *et al.* (2010) and Schnabel & Ahyong (2010). We provide currently accepted names for all host and parasite species; species of unknown taxonomic status and/or questionable identity are noted but cited as in the original references. Taxonomic authorities of hosts discussed in the text are provided in Table 2. All of the bopyrids cited by Mayo (1974) were identified by JCM as *Pseudione* spp., but the concept of *Pseudione* was considerably broader at that time and they are cited here as “*Pseudione*” sp. Hosts listed as *Munida* sp. may belong to other genera in Munididae. Only fossil squat lobster and porcelain crab hosts are listed in Table 3, as their swellings are only identified as bopyrids by implication and no fossil bopyrids have ever been named.

Biogeographic distribution is based on the “Marine Regions” of Kelleher *et al.* (1995). We have used these biogeographic divisions of Kelleher *et al.* (1995) rather than some other more recent conceptions with more fine grained divisions (e.g., Spalding *et al.* 2007) because our data are more appropriately displayed in Kelleher’s “Marine Regions.” With many gaps in our knowledge of bopyrid species’ distributions, we lack sufficient data for so many species within the “Provinces” or “Ecoregions” of Spalding *et al.* (2007) that their use would show many of these subdivisions with no data points, which would give misleading “patterns” of distribution for bopyrids that are in large part an artifact of lack of sampling. Using the Spalding *et al.* (2007) larger scale “Realms” (which combine some of Kelleher’s “Marine Regions”) obscures biogeographic patterns in areas where our data is more robust (such as the divisions between the western and eastern temperate North Atlantic). Future collections and identifications of bopyrids, especially in the Indo-Pacific, will no doubt allow use of finer scale biogeographic divisions, such as those of Spalding *et al.* (2007). Data for hermit crab biogeography is taken from McDermott *et al.* (2010).

Results and discussion

Bopyridae contains nine subfamilies, most of which infest their hosts branchially. This is the condition found for all porcelain crab and squat lobster parasites, aside from the single entophiline bopyrid (*Entophilus omnitectus* Richardson, 1903), an endoparasite of five species of munidids. All other parasites cited herein belong to the Pseudioninae, which is considered the basal and most speciose subfamily of bopyrids (233 total species). Most pseudionines are known from anomurans, although some species occur on caridean shrimp, nephropid lobsters, axiidean and gebiidean shrimp, and brachyuran crabs (Shiino 1952; 1965; Markham 1986). On the basis of fossil evidence, bopyrids appear to have begun their decapod parasitism using squat lobster hosts (Hessler 1969; Markham 1986) and today approximately 45% of pseudionine bopyrids are known from squat lobster and porcelain crab hosts. Species in the squat lobster genus *Munida* are parasitized by 33 species of bopyrids, which is nearly double the number of bopyrids found on species of *Pagurus* (McDermott *et al.* 2010), the next most parasitized genus of anomuran. In total, 105 species of these parasites (~18% of all bopyrids) are documented from squat lobsters and porcelain crabs (Tables 1, 2). Approximately 29% (67 of 233 species) of pseudionine species parasitize squat lobsters and 16% (38 of 233 species) parasitize porcelain crabs. Percentages of described host species infested within each family are: Chirostylidae (1.7%; 3 of 174 species), Eumunididae (3.3%; 1 of 30 species), Galatheididae (15.6%; 14 of 90 species), Munididae (12.3%; 46 of 375 species), Munidopsidae (10.7%; 26 of 242 species), Porcellanidae (22.7%; 63 of 277 species), Kiwidae (0 of 1 species).

TABLE 1. List of bopyrid isopods infesting squat lobsters and porcelain crabs. Refer to Table 2 for host classification and authors.

Parasite species	Host species	Locality (ies)	Depth (m)	Reference	Note
ENTOPHILINAE					
<i>Entophilus omnitectus</i>	Richardson, 1903	Madagascar	310-606	Bourdon 1976b	
<i>Agonida cf. incerta</i>		Hawaii, USA	369-402	Richardson 1903	
<i>Munida microphthalma</i>		Gulf of Mexico	430-690	Adkison & Collard 1990	
<i>Munida sanctipauli</i>		Azores	784	Bourdon 1981	
<i>Munida valida</i>		Gulf of Mexico	185-1010	Adkison & Collard 1990	
PSEUDIONINAE					
<i>Allorimorphus haigae</i>	Bourdon, 1976	Indonesia	37-128	Bourdon 1976a	
<i>Allorimorphus lamellosus</i>	(Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923)	Indonesia; Persian Gulf	23	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1923; Bourdon 1976a	
<i>Allorimorphus scabriculi</i>	Bourdon, 1976	Philippines	unspecified	Bourdon 1976a	
<i>Anuropodone australiensis</i>	Bourdon, 1976	Western Australia; Queensland, Australia	14.5-18; intertidal	Bourdon 1976a; Markham 2010	
<i>Pisidia dispar</i>					
<i>Munida iris</i>	Markham, 1974	North Carolina, USA; Norfolk Canyon	83-662	Markham 1974a; Wenner & Windsor 1979	
<i>Galathea</i> sp.		Thailand	unspecified	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1929	
<i>Munida pusilla</i>	Markham, 1974	Gulf of Mexico	54	Markham 1974a	
<i>Munida speciosa</i>	Bourdon, 1967	Senegal; Congo	200-300	Bourdon 1967a; Bourdon 1972b	
<i>Sadayoshia acroporae</i>	Bourdon, 1983	Indonesia	unspecified	Bourdon 1983	
<i>Munida valida</i>	Markham, 1974	Colombia (Atlantic); Gulf of Mexico; Florida, USA	185-770	Markham 1974a; Adkison & Collard 1990	
<i>Munida andamanica</i>	Bourdon, 1972	Indonesia	200	Bourdon 1972b	
<i>Petrolisthes coccineus</i>	Shiino, 1934	Japan	unspecified	Shiino 1934	
<i>Petrolisthes hastatus</i>		Japan; Moluccas	unspecified	Shiino 1936a; Bourdon 1983	
<i>Petrolisthes lamarekii</i>		Madagascar; Philippines; Thailand	unspecified	Bourdon 1976a; Markham 1985	
<i>Petrolisthes rufescens</i>		Pakistan	unspecified	Markham 1980	
<i>Petrolisthes scabriculus</i>		Queensland, Australia	unspecified	Markham 2010	
<i>Petrolisthes tomentosus</i>		Madagascar	unspecified	Bourdon 1976a	

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TABLE 1. (continued)

Parasite species	Host species	Locality (ies)	Depth (m)	Reference	Note
<i>Aporobopyrus adulticus</i> Nobili, 1906	<i>Petrolisthes rufescens</i>	Eritrea	unspecified	Nobili 1906	
<i>Aporobopyrus bonairensis</i> Markham, 1988	<i>Petrolisthes marginatus</i>	Bonaire	0-1.5	Markham 1988	
<i>Aporobopyrus bourdonis</i> Markham, 2008	<i>Petrolisthes politus</i>	Bonaire	intertidal	Markham 1988	
<i>Aporobopyrus calypso</i> (Bourdon, 1976)	<i>Petrolisthes quadratus</i>	Bonaire; Netherlands Antilles	0-0.5	Markham 1988	
<i>Aporobopyrus collardi</i> Adkison, 1988	<i>Petrolisthes edwardsii</i>	California, USA; Mexico (Pacific); Costa Rica	unspecified	Bourdon 1976a; Markham 2008	
<i>Aporobopyrus curtatus</i> (Richardson, 1904)	<i>Pachycheles ackleianus</i>	Brazil	45	Bourdon 1976a	
<i>Aporobopyrus curtatus</i> (Richardson, 1904)	<i>Pachycheles rigimanus</i>	Gulf of Mexico	28-82	Adkison 1988	
	<i>Pachycheles greeleyi</i>	Brazil	unspecified	Brasil Lima 1998	
	<i>Petrolisthes armatus</i>	Florida (Atlantic & Gulf of Mexico), Louisiana, USA; Venezuela; Brazil	0-2	Richardson 1904; Markham 1975a; Camp <i>et al.</i> 1977; Lemos de Castro & Brasil Lima 1980; Oliviera & Masunari 1996, 1998, 2006	
	<i>Petrolisthes galathinus</i>	Florida, USA; Caribbean; Brazil	unspecified	Lemos de Castro & Brasil Lima 1980	
	<i>Petrolisthes marginatus</i>	North Carolina, Florida (Atlantic), USA; Barbados	unspecified	Markham 1975a	
	<i>Petrolisthes politus</i>	St. Eustatius	unspecified	Brasil Lima 1998	
	<i>Petrolisthes quadratus</i>	Curaçao	unspecified	Brasil Lima 1998	
	<i>Petrolisthes</i> sp.	Brazil	unspecified	Brasil Lima 1998	
	<i>Porcellana sayana</i>	North Carolina, USA; US Virgin Islands; Brazil	37-48	Markham 1975a; Bourdon 1976a	
<i>Aporobopyrus dollfusi</i> Bourdon, 1976	<i>Altiporcellana suluenis</i>	Red Sea	unspecified	Bourdon 1980	
	<i>Lissoporcellana quadrilobata</i>	Red Sea	unspecified	Bourdon 1980	
<i>Aporobopyrus enosteoideis</i> (Markham, 1982)	<i>Enosteoideus ornatus</i>	Hong Kong	18	Markham 1982	
<i>Aporobopyrus galleonus</i> Williams & Madad, 2010	<i>Petrolisthes</i> sp.	Philippines	intertidal	Williams & Madad 2010	

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TABLE 1. (continued)

Parasite species	Host species	Locality (ies)	Depth (m)	Reference	Note
<i>Aporobopyrus gracilis</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1929	<i>Galathea</i> sp.	Senegal	5	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1929	
<i>Aporobopyrus megacephalon</i> (Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1929)	<i>Pachycheles pectinicornis</i>	Hong Kong	unspecified	Markham 1982	
	<i>Petrolisthes</i> sp.	Northern Arabian Sea	unspecified	Kazmi <i>et al.</i> 2002	
	Porcellanidae	Thailand	55	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1929	
<i>Aporobopyrus muguensis</i> Shiino, 1964	<i>Pachycheles holosericus</i>	California, USA	8-10	Sassaman 1992	
	<i>Pachycheles pubescens</i>	California, USA	unspecified	Markham 2008	
	<i>Pachycheles rudis</i>	California, USA; Baja California, Mexico	9-11	Shiino 1964	
<i>Aporobopyrus orientalis</i> (Shiino, 1933)	<i>Galathea orientalis</i>	Japan	unspecified	Shiino 1933	
<i>Aporobopyrus oviformis</i> Shiino, 1934	<i>Pachycheles pubescens</i>	California, USA	9-11	Shiino 1964	
	<i>Petrolisthes coccineus</i>	Japan	unspecified	Shiino 1934	
<i>Aporobopyrus parvulus</i> (Bourdon, 1983)	<i>Lissoporellana spinuligera</i>	Moluccas	unspecified	Bourdon 1983	
<i>Aporobopyrus parvus</i> Shiino, 1939	<i>Pisosoma</i> sp.	Japan	unspecified	Shiino 1939	
<i>Aporobopyrus petrolistheae palpifera</i> (Bourdon, 1976)	<i>Petrolisthes militaris</i>	Indonesia	91	Bourdon 1976a	
<i>Aporobopyrus petrolistheae petrolistheae</i> (Shiino, 1933)	<i>Petrolisthes japonicus</i>	Japan	unspecified	Shiino 1933, 1939	
<i>Aporobopyrus pleopodatus</i> (Bourdon, 1983)	<i>Polyonyx obesulus</i>	Moluccas	unspecified	Bourdon 1983	
<i>Aporobopyrus retrorsa</i> (Richardson, 1910)	<i>Munida andamanica</i>	Philippines	184-514	Boyko 2004	1
	<i>Munida compressa</i>	Taiwan	66-331	Boyko 2004	
	<i>Munida heteracantha</i>	Japan	50	Boyko 2004	
	<i>Munida japonica</i>	Taiwan	66-331	Boyko 2004	
	<i>Paramunida scabra</i>	Philippines	184-514	Boyko 2004	
<i>Aporobopyrus ryukyensis</i> Shiino, 1939	<i>Petrolisthes asiaticus</i>	Japan	unspecified	Shiino 1939	
	<i>Petrolisthes boscii</i>	Pakistan	unspecified	Markham 1980	
	<i>Petrolisthes fimbriatus</i>	Palao, Philippines	unspecified	Bourdon 1976a	
	<i>Petrolisthes hastatus</i>	Japan	unspecified	Shiino 1939	
	<i>Petrolisthes lamarckii</i>	Palao, Philippines	unspecified	Shiino 1942	

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TABLE 1. (continued)

Parasite species	Host species	Locality (ies)	Depth (m)	Reference	Note
<i>Aporobopyrus</i> aff. <i>ryukyensis</i> Shiino, 1939	<i>Petrolisthes scabriculus</i>	Moluccas	unspecified	Bourdon 1983	
<i>Aporobopyrus trilobatus</i> (Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1925)	<i>Neopisosoma angustifrons</i>	Curaçao	unspecified	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1925	
	<i>Pachycheles pilosus</i>	Curaçao	0.5	Markham 1988	
	<i>Petrolisthes hians</i>	Mexico (Pacific)	unspecified	Bourdon 1976a	
	<i>Petrolisthes ortmanni</i>	Costa Rica	intertidal	Markham 2008	
<i>Aporobopyrus</i> sp.	<i>Pachycheles sculptus</i>	Philippines	unspecified	Bourdon 1976a	
<i>Astallone cruciaria</i> Markham, 1975	<i>Madarateuchus vanderhorsti</i>	US Virgin Islands	intertidal	Markham 1975a	
<i>Balanopleon tortuganus</i> Markham, 1974	<i>Munida simplex</i>	Venezuela	68-80	Markham 1974a	
<i>Bathione humboldtensis</i> (Pardo, Guisado & Acuña, 1998)	<i>Cervimunida johni</i>	Chile	170-370	González & Acuña 2004	
<i>Bathione magnifolia</i> Román-Contreras & Boyko, 2007	<i>Pleuromcodes monodon</i>	Chile	170-370	González & Acuña 2004	
<i>Discomorphus magnifoliatus</i> Markham, 2008	<i>Munidopsis depressa</i>	Gulf of California	835-870	Román-Contreras & Boyko 2007	
<i>Galathocrypta acudata</i> Román-Contreras & Soto, 2002	<i>Petrolisthes cincipes</i>	California, USA	intertidal	Markham 2008	
<i>Goleathopseudione bilobatus</i> Román-Contreras, 2008	<i>Munidopsis erinacea</i>	Gulf of Mexico	502	Román-Contreras & Soto 2002	
<i>Kolourione premordica</i> Markham, 1978	<i>Munidopsis antonii</i>	California, USA	4100	Román-Contreras 2008a	2
<i>Munidion cubense</i> Bourdon, 1972	<i>Pachycheles ackleianus</i>	Gulf of Mexico	3-38	Markham 1978	
	<i>Munida flinti</i>	Venezuela	134-161	Markham 1975b	
	<i>Munida stimpsoni</i>	Cuba	229-393	Chace 1942; Bourdon 1972b	
<i>Munidion irritians</i> Boone, 1927	<i>Munida iris</i>	Hudson Canyon to Norfolk Canyon	unspecified	Burse 1978	
	<i>Munida irrasa</i>	Florida, USA; Belize	90-670	Markham 1975b	
<i>Munidion laterale</i> Richardson, 1910	"galatheid"	Philippines	247	Richardson 1910a	3
	<i>Paramunida scabra</i>	Indonesia	200	Bourdon 1972b	
<i>Munidion longipedis</i> Markham, 1975	<i>Agonida longipes</i>	Florida, USA; Norfolk Canyon; Isla de Providencia, Colombia	70-540	Markham 1975b; Wenner & Windsor 1979	
	<i>Agonida schroederi</i>	Cuba	405	Chace 1942; Markham 1975b	
<i>Munidion parvum</i> Richardson, 1904	<i>Munida quadrispina</i>	Washington, USA; British Columbia, Canada	278	Markham 1975b	

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TABLE 1. (continued)

Parasite species	Host species	Locality (ies)	Depth (m)	Reference	Note
<i>Munidion pleuroncodis</i> Markham, 1975	<i>Pleuroncodes planipes</i>	California, USA; Baja California, Mexico	unspecified	Markham 1975b	
<i>Munidion princeps</i> Hansen, 1897	<i>Munida refugens</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	205	Markham 1975b	
<i>Orbimorphus constrictus</i> Richardson, 1910	<i>Petrolisthes armatus</i>	Peru	unspecified	Richardson 1910b	
<i>Ovoionella obovata</i> (Shiino, 1958)	<i>Munida japonica</i>	Japan; Taiwan	100	Boyko 2004	
<i>Paragigantione americana</i> (Markham, 1974)	<i>Munida microphthalma</i>	off Guyana; Norfolk Canyon	1220-1698	Markham 1974a; Wenner & Windsor 1979	
<i>Paragigantione indica</i> (Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923)	<i>Munida curvirostris</i>	Indonesia	538	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1923	
<i>Paragigantione papillosa</i> Barnard, 1920	<i>Munida benguela</i>	South Africa	458	Barnard 1950	4
<i>Parapleurocryptella elasmoti</i> Bourdon, 1972	<i>Munida sanctipauli</i> <i>Munidopsis squamosa</i>	South Africa; France Martinique	549-1810 unspecified	Barnard 1920; Bourdon 1981 Bourdon 1972b	5
<i>Parapleurocryptella minuta</i> Bourdon, 1972	<i>Uropitychus gracilimanus</i>	Indonesia	750	Bourdon 1972b	
<i>Parapseudione dubia</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1931	<i>Galathea</i> sp.	Morocco	9-11	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1931	
<i>Parione ischyandra</i> Bourdon, 1976	<i>Polyonyx pedalis</i>	Indonesia	40	Bourdon 1976a	
<i>Parione lamellata</i> Richardson, 1910	Galatheoidea	Philippines	unspecified	Richardson 1910a	6
<i>Parione pachycheles</i> Shiino, 1950	<i>Pachycheles stevensii</i>	Japan; Hong Kong	10	Shiino 1950; Markham 1992	
<i>Parionella pisiidae</i> Bourdon, 1976	<i>Pisidia dispar</i>	South Australia	31	Bourdon 1976a	
<i>Parionella decidens</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1929	Porcellanidae	China Sea	51	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1929	
<i>Parionella elegans</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923	<i>Munida japonica</i>	Indonesia	90	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1923	
<i>Parionella notexocha</i> Bourdon, 1972	<i>Eumunida balsii</i>	China	250	Bourdon 1972b	
<i>Parionella richardsonae</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923	<i>Petrolisthes asiaticus</i>	Indonesia	13	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1923	
<i>Parionina chinensis</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1931	Galatheoidea	China	unspecified	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1931	6
<i>Parionina pacifica</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1929	<i>Allogalathea elegans</i>	Madagascar	18	Bourdon 1976b	
	<i>Galathea</i> sp.	Japan	35	Bourdon 1976b	7

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TABLE 1. (continued)

Parasite species	Host species	Locality (ies)	Depth (m)	Reference	Note
<i>Parioninella astridae</i> Brender à Brandis, 1930	<i>Pachycheles sculptus</i>	Indonesia; Hong Kong	18	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1930; Markham 1982	
	<i>Pachycheles</i> sp.	Hong Kong	unspecified	Markham 1990	
	<i>Polyonyx</i> sp.	Hong Kong	unspecified	Markham 1990	
<i>Parioninella pacifica</i> (Shiino, 1942)	<i>Pachycheles sculptus</i>	Palao, Philippines	unspecified	Shiino 1942	
<i>Pleurocrypta amphiantra</i> Codreanu & Pike, 1966	<i>Mumida rutilanti</i>	Algeria; Adriatic Sea	110-230	Codreanu <i>et al.</i> 1966; Petric <i>et al.</i> 2010	
<i>Pleurocrypta floridana</i> Markham, 1974	<i>Galathea rostrata</i>	Florida, USA	42	Markham 1974b	
<i>Pleurocrypta galateae</i> Hesse, 1865	<i>Galathea dispersa</i>	UK; Norway; France; Monaco	unspecified	Hesse 1865; Bourdon 1968	
	<i>Galathea nexa</i>	Norway; France	unspecified	Bourdon 1968	
	<i>Galathea squamifera</i>	UK; France; Turkey	unspecified	Bourdon 1968; Geldiay & Kocataş 1972	
<i>Pleurocrypta keiensis</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1931	<i>Paramunida scabra</i>	Indonesia	348	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1931; Bourdon 1968	
<i>Pleurocrypta longibranchiata</i> (Bate & Westwood, 1868)	<i>Galathea dispersa</i>	UK	unspecified	Bourdon 1968	
	<i>Galathea nexa</i>	Norway; France	unspecified	Bourdon 1968	
	<i>Galathea squamifera</i>	UK; France; Turkey	30-35	Bourdon 1968; Geldiay & Kocataş 1972	
<i>Pleurocrypta macrocephala</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923	<i>Pachycheles natalensis</i>	Persian Gulf	unspecified	Bourdon 1976a	8
	<i>Petrolisthes asiaticus</i>	Indonesia	unspecified	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1923	
	<i>Petrolisthes boscii</i>	Red Sea	unspecified	Bourdon 1976a	
	<i>Petrolisthes japonicus</i>	Japan; Korea	unspecified	Pearse 1930; Kim & Kwon 1988a, 1988b	
	<i>Petrolisthes lamarckii</i>	Singapore	intertidal	Markham 2009	
<i>Pleurocrypta meridionalis</i> Lemos de Castro & Brasil Lima, 1975	<i>Mumida</i> sp.	Brazil	unspecified	Lemos de Castro & Brasil Lima 1975	
<i>Pleurocrypta microbranchiata</i> G. O. Sars, 1898	<i>Galathea intermedia</i>	UK; Norway; France; Spain; Turkey	20-25	Bourdon 1968; Geldiay & Kocataş 1972	
<i>Pleurocrypta petrolisthis</i> Markham, 1988	<i>Petrolisthes galathinus</i>	Bonaire	intertidal	Markham 1988	
<i>Pleurocrypta piriformis</i> Bourdon, 1968	<i>Galathea strigosa</i>	Spain	unspecified	Bourdon 1968	

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TABLE 1. (continued)

Parasite species	Host species	Locality (ies)	Depth (m)	Reference	Note
<i>Pleurocrypta porcellanaelongicornis</i> Hesse, 1876	<i>Pisidia</i> cf. <i>bluteli</i>	Turkey (Aegean Sea)	0-0.5	Geldiay & Kocataş 1972	
	<i>Pisidia longicornis</i>	UK; France (Atlantic); off Holland; Morocco	unspecified	Bourdon 1968; Huwae 1977	
	<i>Pisidia longimana</i>	Turkey (Aegean Sea)	0.5-30	Kirkim <i>et al.</i> 2008	
<i>Pleurocrypta strigosa</i> Bourdon, 1968	<i>Galathea strigosa</i>	France; Spain; Italy	unspecified	Bourdon 1968	
<i>Pleurocryptella crassandra</i> Bourdon, 1976	<i>Munidopsis</i> <i>cyliindrophthalma</i>	Madagascar	460-500	Bourdon 1976b	
<i>Pleurocryptella fimbriata</i> Markham, 1974	<i>Munida constricta</i>	Jamaica	605-720	Markham 1974a	
	<i>Munida miles</i>	Cuba	400-500	Chace 1942; Markham 1974a	
<i>Pleurocryptella formosa</i> Bonnier, 1900	<i>Gastroptychus formosus</i>	Canary Islands; Ireland	822-914	Tattersall 1905; Bourdon 1968	
<i>Pleurocryptella infecta infecta</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923	<i>Munida gracilis</i>	New Zealand	558-1207	Page 1985	9
	<i>Munida japonica</i>	Japan	55-183	Shiino 1937	
	<i>Munida militaris</i>	Indonesia	289	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1923	
	<i>Munida</i> sp.	New Zealand	510	Page 1985	
<i>Pleurocryptella infecta tuberculata</i> Bourdon, 1976	<i>Paramunida tricarinata</i>	Madagascar	403-444	Bourdon 1976b	
<i>Pleurocryptella latilamellaris</i> (Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1931)	<i>Munida</i> sp.	Indonesia	250-290	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1931	
<i>Pleurocryptella superba</i> Bourdon, 1981	<i>Munidopsis crassa</i>	Spain (Atlantic)	4475	Bourdon 1981	
<i>Pleurocryptella wolffi</i> Bourdon, 1972	<i>Munidopsis antonii</i>	Gulf of Panama (Pacific)	2950-3190	Bourdon 1972a	
<i>Pleurocryptina indica</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1929	<i>Galathea</i> sp.	Indonesia; Mauritius	1-20	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1929; Bourdon & Stock 1979	
<i>Pseudione andamanicae</i> Bourdon, 1976	<i>Munida andamanica</i>	Madagascar	150	Bourdon 1976b	
<i>Pseudione confusa confusa</i> (Norman, 1886)	<i>Agonida squamosa</i>	Indonesia	unspecified	Bourdon 1968	
	<i>Galathea dispersa</i>	UK; Ireland; Portugal	unspecified	Bourdon 1968	
	<i>Galathea</i> sp.	South Africa	unspecified	Bourdon 1968	
<i>Pseudione confusa maxillipedis</i> Bourdon, 1972	<i>Munida stimpsoni</i>	Virgin Islands; Cuba	229-393	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1931; Chace 1942; Bourdon 1972b; Kazmi & Boyko 2005	

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TABLE 1. (continued)

Parasite species	Host species	Locality (ies)	Depth (m)	Reference	Note
<i>Pseudione cremulata</i> G. O. Sars, 1898	<i>Munida intermedia</i> <i>Munida rugosa</i>	Tyrrhenian Sea UK; Norway; France; Spain	200-330 unspecified	Castriota <i>et al.</i> 2010 Bourdon 1968; Zariquiey Alvarez 1958	
<i>Pseudione fibriata</i> Richardson, 1910	<i>Munida tenuimana</i> unspecified squat lobster <i>Munida</i> sp.	Norway; Spain; Tyrrhenian Sea Philippines Indonesia	354 1357 310	Bourdon 1968 Richardson 1910a Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1923	10
<i>Pseudione galacanthae</i> Hansen, 1897	<i>Galacantha diomedea</i> <i>Munida gregaria</i> <i>Munida quadrispina</i>	Gulf of California, Mexico Falkland Islands; Chile Washington, USA; British Columbia, Canada	1570 pelagic unspecified	Hansen 1897 Matthews 1932; Rayner 1935 George & Strömberg 1968	
<i>Pseudione hayi</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1931	<i>Munida gracilis</i> <i>Munida gregaria</i>	New Zealand New Zealand	366-732 unspecified	Page 1985 Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1931	9 11
<i>Pseudione itsindrae</i> Bourdon, 1976	<i>Munidopsis trifida</i>	Madagascar	745-810	Bourdon 1976b	
<i>Pseudione japonensis</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1931	<i>Galathea</i> sp.	Japan	24-30	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1931	
<i>Pseudione kossmanni</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923	<i>Munida curvirostris</i>	Indonesia	unspecified	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1923	
<i>Pseudione minimocremulata</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1931	<i>Agononida</i> cf. <i>incerta</i>	Indonesia; Madagascar	348-460	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1931; Bourdon 1976b	
<i>Pseudione munidae</i> Barnard, 1920	<i>Munida andamanica</i> <i>Munida benguela</i> <i>Munida sanctipauli</i>	Mozambique South Africa South Africa	660-665 458 549	Tirmizi & Javed 1993; Kazmi & Boyko 2005 Barnard 1950 Barnard 1920	4 5
<i>Pseudione paucisecta</i> (Richardson, 1904) <i>Pseudione sagamiensis</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1932	<i>Munida curvipes</i> <i>Phylladiorhynchus pusillus</i>	Chile Japan	1890 146-512	Richardson 1904 Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1932; Shiino 1936b	
<i>Pseudione subcrenulata</i> Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923	<i>Paramunida scabra</i>	Indonesia	397	Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis 1923	
" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp. " <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	<i>Galacantha spinosa</i> <i>Galacantha spinosa</i>	Colombia (Atlantic) Jamaica	597-724 878-906	Mayo 1974 Mayo 1974	12

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TABLE 1. (continued)

Parasite species	Host species	Locality (ies)	Depth (m)	Reference	Note
" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	<i>Munidopsis abbreviata</i>	Jamaica	805-1089	Mayo 1974	
" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	<i>Munidopsis alaminos</i>	Guadeloupe	686-724	Mayo 1974	
" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	<i>Munidopsis erinacea</i>	Colombia (Atlantic)	408-576	Mayo 1974	
" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	<i>Munidopsis erinacea</i>	Venezuela	384-607	Mayo 1974	
" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	<i>Munidopsis erinacea</i>	Guadeloupe	476-686	Mayo 1974	
" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	<i>Munidopsis longimanus</i>	Florida Straits, USA	759-869	Mayo 1974	
" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	<i>Munidopsis nitida</i>	Campeche, Mexico	unspecified	Salazar-Vallejo & Lejja-Tritán 1990	
" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	<i>Munidopsis riveroi</i>	Colombia (Atlantic)	408-576	Mayo 1974	
" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	<i>Munidopsis riveroi</i>	Guadeloupe	476-686	Mayo 1974	
" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	<i>Munidopsis robusta</i>	Florida Straits, USA	324	Mayo 1974	
" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	<i>Munidopsis serricornis</i>	Florida, USA	570-824	Mayo 1974	
" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	<i>Munidopsis serricornis</i>	Jamaica	805-1069	Mayo 1974	
" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	<i>Munidopsis serricornis</i>	Cuba	677-1107	Chace 1942; Mayo 1974	
unidentified	<i>Agonida longipes</i>	Cuba	512-694	Chace 1942	
unidentified	<i>Agonida squamosa</i>	New South Wales, Australia	406-414	Ahyong & Poore 2004	
unidentified	<i>Bathymunida polae</i>	Madagascar	150	Baba & de Saint Laurent 1996	
unidentified	<i>Galacantha diomedea</i>	Mexico (Pacific)	1207	Faxon 1893	
unidentified	<i>Galacantha diomedea</i>	Mexico (Pacific)	1792-1875	Luke 1977	13
unidentified	<i>Galacantha spinosa</i>	Cuba	868	Chace 1942	
unidentified	<i>Galathea australiensis</i>	Indian Ocean	unspecified	Tirmizi & Javed 1993	
unidentified	<i>Galathea balssi</i>	Indian Ocean	84-97	Tirmizi & Javed 1993	
unidentified	<i>Galathea inflata</i>	Torres Strait	unspecified	Potts 1915	
unidentified	<i>Galathea lenis</i>	Indian Ocean	63	Tirmizi & Javed 1993	
unidentified	<i>Galathea multilineata</i>	East China Sea	196	Miyake & Baba 1967	
unidentified	<i>Munida aequalis</i>	New South Wales, Australia	153	Ahyong & Poore 2004	
unidentified	<i>Munida arabica</i>	Indian Ocean	unspecified	Kazmi & Boyko 2005	
unidentified	<i>Munida benguela</i>	South Africa	580-610	Baba 2005	
unidentified	<i>Munida evermanni</i>	Cuba	384	Chace 1942	
unidentified	<i>Munida heteracantha</i>	Indian Ocean	unspecified	Kazmi & Boyko 2005	
unidentified	<i>Munida intermedia</i>	Adriatic Sea	200-256	Gramitto & Frogli 1998	
unidentified	<i>Munida militaris</i>	Queensland, Australia	732	Ahyong & Poore 2004	
unidentified	<i>Munida muscae</i>	Reunion Island	605-620	Macpherson & de Saint Laurent 2002	
unidentified	<i>Munida semoni</i>	Indonesia	unspecified	Macpherson & Baba 1993	

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TABLE 1. (continued)

Parasite species	Host species	Locality (ies)	Depth (m)	Reference	Note
unidentified	<i>Munidopsis crassa</i>	Venezuela	3934-5060	Gore 1983	
unidentified	<i>Munidopsis crassa</i>	West European Basin	4684-4718	Tiefenbacher 2001	
unidentified	<i>Munidopsis cylindrophthalma</i>	Solomon Islands	464-627	Macpherson 2007	
unidentified	<i>Munidopsis geyeri</i>	Venezuela Basin	3517-3549	Gore 1983	
unidentified	<i>Munidopsis latimana</i>	Vanuatu	450-490	Macpherson 2007	
unidentified	<i>Munidopsis longimanus</i>	Cuba	677-1106	Chace 1942	
unidentified	<i>Munidopsis petalorhyncha</i>	Kuril Trench	5025-5210	Birstein & Zarenkov 1970	14
unidentified	<i>Munidopsis pectora</i>	Gulf of Panama (Pacific)	2950-3190	Baba 2005	
unidentified	<i>Munidopsis scobina</i>	Oman	900-1000	Creasey <i>et al.</i> 2000	
unidentified	<i>Munidopsis subsquamosa</i>	Oregon, USA	2692-3000	Ambler 1980	
unidentified	<i>Munidopsis tanneri</i>	Gulf of Panama (Pacific)	156-474	Faxon 1895	15
unidentified	<i>Munidopsis termaria</i>	New Caledonia	586-740	Macpherson 2007	
unidentified	<i>Sadavoshia lipkei</i>	French Polynesia	80-150	Macpherson & Baba 2010	
unidentified	<i>Uropychus ciliatus</i>	Indonesia	233	Baba 2005	
unidentified	<i>Uropychus gracilimanus</i>	East China Sea	570-740	Baba 1969	
unidentified	<i>Aliaporcellana pygmaea</i>	New Caledonia	20	Haig 1989	
unidentified	<i>Aliaporcellana suluensis</i>	Indonesia	unspecified	Bourdon 1976a	
unidentified	<i>Aliaporcellana testophila</i>	Singapore	unspecified	Ng & Goh 1996	
unidentified	<i>Lissoporcellana quadrilobata</i>	Seychelles	50-62	Haig 1983	
unidentified	<i>Megalobrachium festae</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	unspecified	Lazarus-Agudelo & Roccatagliata 2007	
unidentified	<i>Neopisosoma bicaillatum</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	unspecified	Lazarus-Agudelo & Roccatagliata 2007	
unidentified	<i>Neopisosoma mexicanum</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	unspecified	Lazarus-Agudelo & Roccatagliata 2007	
unidentified	<i>Pachycheles biocellatus</i>	Malpelo Island, Colombia (Pacific)	unspecified	Lazarus-Agudelo & Roccatagliata 2007	
unidentified	<i>Pachycheles calculosus</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	unspecified	Lazarus-Agudelo & Roccatagliata 2007	
unidentified	<i>Pachycheles crassus</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	unspecified	Lazarus-Agudelo & Roccatagliata 2007	
unidentified	<i>Pachycheles greeleyi</i>	Brazil	unspecified	Bourdon 1976a	

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TABLE 1. (continued)

Parasite species	Host species	Locality (ies)	Depth (m)	Reference	Note
unidentified	<i>Pachycheles natalensis</i>	Pakistan	intertidal	Ahmed & Mustaqim 1974	
unidentified	<i>Pachycheles panamensis</i>	Panama (Pacific); Colombia (Pacific)	intertidal	Gore 1982; Lazarus-Agudelo & Roccatagliata 2007	
unidentified	<i>Pachycheles sculptus</i>	Western Australia	15-24	Rathbun 1924	
unidentified	<i>Parapetrolisthes tortugensis</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	unspecified	Lazarus-Agudelo & Roccatagliata 2007	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes agassizi</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	unspecified	Lazarus-Agudelo & Roccatagliata 2007	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes boscii</i>	Pakistan	intertidal	Ahmed & Mustaqim 1974	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes edwardsi</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	unspecified	Lazarus-Agudelo & Roccatagliata 2007	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes haigae</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	unspecified	Lazarus-Agudelo & Roccatagliata 2007	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes lamareckii</i>	Micronesia	unspecified	Miyake 1942	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes lamareckii</i>	Pakistan	intertidal	Ahmed & Mustaqim 1974	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes lamareckii</i>	Seychelles	33-45	Haig 1983	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes militaris</i>	Australia	unspecified	Bourdon 1976a	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes militaris</i>	Philippines	81-84	Haig 1989	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes militaris</i>	Seychelles	50-60	Haig 1983	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes moluccensis</i>	Persian Gulf	unspecified	Bourdon 1976a	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes ortmanni</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	unspecified	Lazarus-Agudelo & Roccatagliata 2007	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes pubescens</i>	Marquesas Islands	intertidal	Kropp 1986	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes rifescens</i>	Pakistan	intertidal	Ahmed & Mustaqim 1974	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes tomentosus</i>	Coral Sea	intertidal	Haig 1987	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes tomentosus</i>	Mariana Islands	intertidal	Kropp 1986	
unidentified	<i>Petrolisthes zacaе</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	unspecified	Lazarus-Agudelo & Roccatagliata 2007	
unidentified	<i>Pisidia magdalensis</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	unspecified	Lazarus-Agudelo & Roccatagliata 2007	
unidentified	<i>Polyonyx quadrungiculatus</i>	California, USA	unspecified	Markham in prep.	
unidentified	<i>Porcellana sayana</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	29-42	Gore 1970	
unidentified	<i>Porcellana sigsbeiana</i>	Gulf of Mexico	329	Milne-Edwards & Bouvier 1923	

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TABLE 1. (continued)

Parasite species	Host species	Locality (ies)	Depth (m)	Reference	Note
unidentified	<i>Porcellanella triloba</i>	Zanzibar	unspecified	Bourdon 1976a	
unidentified (evidence of past infestation)	<i>Munidopsis profunda</i>	Taiwan	4430-4435	Osawa <i>et al.</i> 2006	16
"new species, probably even a new genus"	<i>Munida irrasa</i>	Cay Sal Bank	148-152	Markham 1974a	
"undescribed genus"	<i>Galacantha rostrata</i>	Norfolk Canyon	1876-2427	Wenner & Windsor 1979	

NOTES

- (1) record for *Pseudione lenticeps* Shiino, 1958, a synonym
- (2) host cited as *Munida beringana*
- (3) host likely in Munididae based on identity of parasite
- (4) host cited as *Munida sanctipauli*
- (5) South African record may be *Munida benguela*
- (6) host unknown, but based on generic identification is either Galatheidae or Porcellanidae
- (7) host may also be *Allogalathea elegans*
- (8) record for *Pleurocrypta yatsui* (Pearse, 1930), a synonym
- (9) Page (1985) cited the host(s) as "*Galathea* ?sp." (for *P. hayi*) and also "*Munida* ?sp." for *P. infecta infecta* under "Material Examined" but under "Host" in both cases he cited *Munida gracilis* only.
- (10) Spanish record originally as *M. perarmata* A. Milne Edwards & Bouvier, 1894
- (11) host cited as *Munida subrugosa*
- (12) host cited as *Munidopsis spinosa*
- (13) host cited as *Munidopsis diomedea parvispina*
- (14) host cited as *Munidopsis subsquamosa latimana* Birstein & Zarenkov, 1970, a junior homonym of *M. latimana* Miyake & Baba, 1966
- (15) parasite cited as "*Bopyrus*" sp.
- (16) A swelling on the right side of the host's carapace appears as one produced by a bopyrid, but was empty on inspection

TABLE 2. List of squat lobsters and porcelain crabs hosting Bopyridae. Number of described species infested over number described in each family. Refer to Table 1 for depths and references.

Host species	Parasite species	Locality (ies)	Note
GALATHEOIDEA			
Galatheaidae or Porcellanidae	<i>Parione lamellata</i>	Philippines	1
Galatheaidae or Porcellanidae	<i>Parionina chinensis</i>	China	1
UNSPECIFIED SQUAT LOBSTER			
Gen. et sp. indet.	<i>Pseudione fibrinata</i>	Philippines	
CHIROSTYLOIDEA: CHIROSTYLOIDAE (3/174)			
<i>Gastrotychus formosus</i> (Filhol, 1884)	<i>Pleurocryptella formosa</i>	Canary Islands; Ireland	
<i>Urotychus ciliatus</i> (van Dam, 1933)	unidentified	Indonesia	
<i>Urotychus gracilimanus</i> (Henderson, 1885)	unidentified	East China Sea	
	<i>Parapleurocryptella minuta</i>	Indonesia	
CHIROSTYLOIDEA: EUMUNIDIDAE (1/30)			
<i>Eumunida balssi</i> Gordon, 1930	<i>Parionella notexocha</i>	China	
GALATHEOIDEA: GALATHEIDAE (14/90)			
<i>Allogalatea elegans</i> (Adams & White, 1848)	<i>Parionina pacifica</i>	Madagascar	
<i>Galatea australiensis</i> Stimpson, 1858	unidentified	Indian Ocean	
<i>Galatea balssi</i> Miyake & Baba, 1964	unidentified	Indian Ocean	
<i>Galatea dispersa</i> Bate, 1859	<i>Pleurocrypta galateae</i>	UK; Norway; France; Monaco	
	<i>Pleurocrypta longibranchiata</i>	UK	
	<i>Pseudione confusa confusa</i>	UK; Ireland; Portugal	
	unidentified	Torres Strait	
<i>Galatea inflata</i> Potts, 1915	<i>Pleurocrypta microbranchiata</i>	UK; Norway; France; Spain; Turkey	
<i>Galatea intermedia</i> Liljeborg, 1851	unidentified	Indian Ocean	
<i>Galatea lenis</i> Baba, 1969	unidentified	East China Sea	
<i>Galatea multilineata</i> Balss, 1913	<i>Pleurocrypta galateae</i>	Norway; France	
<i>Galatea nexa</i> Embleton, 1834	<i>Pleurocrypta longibranchiata</i>	Norway; France	
	<i>Aporobopyrus orietalis</i>	Japan	
<i>Galatea orientalis</i> Stimpson, 1858	<i>Pleurocrypta floridana</i>	Florida, USA	
<i>Galatea rostrata</i> A. Milne Edwards, 1880	<i>Pleurocrypta galateae</i>	UK; France; Turkey	
<i>Galatea squamifera</i> Leach, 1814	<i>Pleurocrypta longibranchiata</i>	UK; France; Turkey	
	<i>Pleurocrypta piriformis</i>	Spain	
<i>Galatea strigosa</i> (Linnaeus, 1761)	<i>Pleurocrypta strigosa</i>	France; Spain; Italy	
	<i>Anuropodione dubius</i>	Thailand	
<i>Galatea</i> sp.	<i>Aporobopyrus gracilis</i>	Senegal	

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TABLE 2. (continued)

Host species	Parasite species	Locality (ies)	Note
	<i>Parapseudione dubia</i>	Morocco	
	<i>Parionina pacifica</i>	Japan	2
	<i>Pleurocryptina indica</i>	Indonesia; Mauritius	
	<i>Pseudione confusa confusa</i>	South Africa	
	<i>Pseudione japonensis</i>	Japan	
	<i>Pseudione sagamiensis</i>	Japan	
<i>Phylladiorhynchus pusillus</i> (Henderson, 1885)	<i>Munidion laterale</i>	Philippines	3
GALATHEOIDEA: MUNIDIDAE (46/375)	<i>Entophilus omnitectus</i>	Madagascar	
"galatheid"	<i>Pseudione minimocrenulata</i>	Indonesia; Madagascar	
<i>Agononida</i> cf. <i>incerta</i> (Henderson, 1888)	<i>Munidion longipedis</i>	Florida, USA; Norfolk Canyon; Isla de Providencia, Colombia	
<i>Agononida longipes</i> (A. Milne Edwards, 1880)	unidentified	Cuba	
<i>Agononida normani</i> (Henderson, 1885)	<i>Entophilus omnitectus</i>	Hawaii, USA	
<i>Agononida schroederi</i> (Chace, 1939)	<i>Munidion longipedis</i>	Cuba	
<i>Agononida squamosa</i> (Henderson, 1885)	<i>Pseudione confusa confusa</i>	Indonesia	
<i>Bathymunida polae</i> (Bals, 1914)	unidentified	New South Wales, Australia	
<i>Cervimunida johni</i> Porter, 1903	<i>Bathione humboldtensis</i>	Madagascar	
<i>Munida aequalis</i> Ahyong & Poore, 2004	unidentified	Chile	
<i>Munida andamanica</i> Alcock, 1894	<i>Aporobopyrina javaensis</i>	New South Wales, Australia	
	<i>Aporobopyrus retrorsa</i>	Indonesia	4
	<i>Pseudione andamanica</i>	Philippines	
	<i>Pseudione minimocrenulata</i>	Madagascar	
<i>Munida arabica</i> Tirmizi & Javed, 1992	unidentified	Mozambique	
<i>Munida benguela</i> de Saint Laurent & Macpherson, 1988	unidentified	Indian Ocean	
		South Africa	
<i>Munida compressa</i> Baba, 1988	<i>Paragamione papillosa</i>	South Africa	5
<i>Munida constricta</i> A. Milne Edwards, 1880	<i>Pseudione munidae</i>	South Africa	5
<i>Munida curvipes</i> Benedict, 1902	<i>Aporobopyrus retrorsa</i>	Taiwan	
<i>Munida curvirostris</i> Henderson, 1885	<i>Pleurocryptella fimbriata</i>	Jamaica	
	<i>Pseudione paucisecta</i>	Chile	
	<i>Paragamione indica</i>	Indonesia	
	<i>Pseudione kossmani</i>	Indonesia	
<i>Munida evermanni</i> Benedict, 1901	unidentified	Cuba	

continued next page

TABLE 2. (continued)

Host species	Parasite species	Locality (ies)	Note
<i>Munida flinti</i> Benedict, 1902	<i>Munidion cubense</i>	Venezuela	
<i>Munida gracilis</i> Henderson, 1885	<i>Pleurocryptella infecta infecta</i>	New Zealand	6
	<i>Pseudione hayi</i>	New Zealand	6
<i>Munida gregaria</i> (Fabricius, 1793)	<i>Pseudione hayi</i>	New Zealand	7
	<i>Pseudione galacanthae</i>	Falkland Islands; Chile	
<i>Munida heteracantha</i> Ortmann, 1892	<i>Aporobopyrus retrorsa</i>	Japan	
	unidentified	Indian Ocean	
<i>Munida intermedia</i> A. Milne Edwards & Bouvier, 1899	<i>Pseudione crenulata</i>	Tyrrhenian Sea	
	unidentified	Adriatic Sea	
<i>Munida iris</i> A. Milne Edwards, 1880	<i>Anuropodione carolinensis</i>	North Carolina, USA; Norfolk Canyon	
	<i>Munidion irritans</i>	Hudson Canyon to Norfolk Canyon	
<i>Munida irrasa</i> A. Milne Edwards, 1880	"new species, probably even a new genus"	Cay Sal Bank	
	<i>Munidion irritans</i>	Florida, USA; Belize	
<i>Munida japonica</i> Stimpson, 1858	<i>Aporobopyrus retrorsa</i>	Taiwan	
	<i>Ovoionella obovata</i>	Japan; Taiwan	
	<i>Parionella elegans</i>	Indonesia	
	<i>Pleurocryptella infecta infecta</i>	Japan	
<i>Munida microphthalma</i> A. Milne Edwards, 1880	<i>Entophilus omniectus</i>	Gulf of Mexico	
	<i>Paragigantione americana</i>	Norfolk Canyon; off Guyana	
<i>Munida miles</i> A. Milne Edwards, 1880	<i>Pleurocryptella fimbriata</i>	Cuba	
<i>Munida militaris</i> Henderson, 1885	<i>Pleurocryptella infecta infecta</i>	Indonesia	
	unidentified	Queensland, Australia	
<i>Munida muscae</i> Macpherson & de Saint Laurent, 2002	unidentified	Reunion Island	
<i>Munida pusilla</i> Benedict, 1902	<i>Anuropodione megacephalon</i>	Gulf of Mexico	
<i>Munida quadrispina</i> Benedict, 1902	<i>Munidion parvum</i>	Washington, USA; British Columbia, Canada	
	<i>Pseudione galacanthae</i>	Washington, USA; British Columbia, Canada	
<i>Munida refulgens</i> Faxon, 1893	<i>Munidion princeps</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	
<i>Munida rugosa</i> (Fabricius, 1775)	<i>Pseudione crenulata</i>	UK; Norway; France; Spain	
<i>Munida rutilanti</i> Zariquiey Álvarez, 1952	<i>Pleurocrypta amphianдра</i>	Algeria; Adriatic Sea	
<i>Munida sanctipauli</i> Henderson, 1885	<i>Entophilus omniectus</i>	Azores	
	<i>Paragigantione papillosa</i>	France; South Africa	8
	<i>Pseudione munitidae</i>	South Africa	9
<i>Munida semoni</i> Ortmann, 1894	unidentified	Indonesia	

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TABLE 2. (continued)

Host species	Parasite species	Locality (ies)	Note
<i>Munida simplex</i> Benedict, 1902	<i>Balanopleon tortugamus</i>	Venezuela	
<i>Munida speciosa</i> von Martens, 1878	<i>Anuropodione senegalensis</i>	Senegal; Congo	
<i>Munida stimpsoni</i> A. Milne Edwards, 1880	<i>Munidion cubense</i>	Cuba	
<i>Munida tenuimana</i> Sars, 1872	<i>Pseudione confusa maxillipedis</i>	Virgin Islands; Cuba	10
<i>Munida valida</i> Smith, 1883	<i>Pseudione crenulata</i>	Norway; Spain; Tyrrhenan Sea	
	<i>Aporobopyrina anomala</i>	Colombia (Atlantic); Gulf of Mexico; Florida, USA	
	<i>Entophilus omnitectus</i>	Gulf of Mexico	
<i>Munida</i> sp.	<i>Pleurocrypta meridionalis</i>	Brazil	
	<i>Pleurocryptella infecta infecta</i>	New Zealand	
	<i>Pleurocryptella latilamellaris</i>	Indonesia	
	<i>Pseudione fibrata</i>	Indonesia	
<i>Paramunida scabra</i> (Henderson, 1885)	<i>Aporobopyrus retrorsa</i>	Philippines	
	<i>Munidion laterale</i>	Indonesia	
	<i>Pleurocrypta keiensis</i>	Indonesia	
	<i>Pseudione subcrenulata</i>	Indonesia	
<i>Paramunida tricarinata</i> (Alcock, 1894)	<i>Pleurocryptella infecta tuberculata</i>	Madagascar	
<i>Pleuroncodes monodon</i> (H. Milne Edwards, 1837)	<i>Bathione humboldtensis</i>	Chile	
<i>Pleuroncodes planipes</i> Stimpson, 1860	<i>Munidion pleuroncodis</i>	California, USA; Baja California, Mexico	
<i>Sadayoshia acroporae</i> Baba, 1972	<i>Aporobopyrina amboinae</i>	Indonesia	
<i>Sadayoshia lipkei</i> Macpherson & Baba, 2010	unidentified	French Polynesia	
GALATHEOIDEA: MUNIDOPSISIDAE (26/242)			
<i>Galacantha diomedae</i> Faxon, 1893	<i>Pseudione galacanthae</i>	Gulf of California, Mexico	11
	unidentified	Mexico (Pacific)	
	unidentified	Mexico (Pacific)	
<i>Galacantha rostrata</i> A. Milne Edwards, 1880	"undescribed genus" and sp.	Norfolk Canyon, western Atlantic	12
<i>Galacantha spinosa</i> A. Milne Edwards, 1880	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Colombia (Atlantic)	
	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Jamaica	
	unidentified	Cuba	
<i>Munidopsis abbreviata</i> (A. Milne Edwards, 1880)	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Jamaica	
<i>Munidopsis alaminos</i> Pequegnat & Pequegnat, 1970	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Guadeloupe	
<i>Munidopsis antonii</i> (Filhol, 1884)	<i>Goleathopseudione bilobatus</i>	California, USA	13
	<i>Pleurocryptella wolffi</i>	Gulf of Panama (Pacific)	
<i>Munidopsis crassa</i> Smith, 1885	<i>Pleurocryptella superba</i>	Spain (Atlantic)	

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TABLE 2. (continued)

Host species	Parasite species	Locality (ies)	Note
<i>Munidopsis cylindrophthalma</i> (Alcock, 1894)	unidentified	West European Basin	
<i>Munidopsis depressa</i> Faxon, 1893	unidentified	Venezuela	
<i>Munidopsis erinacea</i> (A. Milne Edwards, 1880)	<i>Pleurocryptella crassandra</i>	Madagascar	
	unidentified	Solomon Islands	
<i>Munidopsis geyeri</i> Pequegnat & Pequegnat, 1970	<i>Bathione magnifolia</i>	Gulf of California	
<i>Munidopsis latimana</i> Miyake & Baba, 1966	<i>Gathocrypta acaudata</i>	Gulf of Mexico	
<i>Munidopsis longimanus</i> (A. Milne Edwards, 1880)	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Venezuela	
	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Guadeloupe	
	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Colombia (Pacific)	
	unidentified	Venezuela Basin	
	unidentified	Vanuatu	
<i>Munidopsis nitida</i> (A. Milne Edwards, 1880)	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Florida Straits, USA	
<i>Munidopsis petalorhyncha</i> Baba, 2005	unidentified	Cuba	
<i>Munidopsis profunda</i> Baba, 2005	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Campeche, Mexico	14
	unidentified	Kuril Trench	15
	unidentified (evidence of past infestation)	Taiwan	
<i>Munidopsis recta</i> Baba, 2005	unidentified	Gulf of Panama (Pacific)	
<i>Munidopsis riveroi</i> Chace, 1939	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Colombia (Atlantic)	
	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Guadeloupe	
	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Florida Straits, USA	
<i>Munidopsis robusta</i> (A. Milne Edwards, 1880)	unidentified	Oman	
<i>Munidopsis scobina</i> Alcock, 1894	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Florida, USA	
<i>Munidopsis serricornis</i> (Lovén, 1852)	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Jamaica	
	" <i>Pseudione</i> " sp.	Cuba	
	<i>Parapleurocryptella elasmonoti</i>	Martinique	
<i>Munidopsis squamosa</i> (A. Milne Edwards, 1880)	unidentified	Oregon, USA	
<i>Munidopsis subsquamosa</i> Henderson, 1885	unidentified	Gulf of Panama (Pacific)	16
<i>Munidopsis tanneri</i> Faxon, 1893	unidentified	New Caledonia	
<i>Munidopsis ternaria</i> Macpherson, 2007	<i>Pseudione iisindrae</i>	Madagascar	
<i>Munidopsis trifida</i> Henderson, 1885	unidentified	New Caledonia	
GALATHEOIDEA: PORCELLANIDAE (63/277)			
<i>Aliaporcellana pygmaea</i> (de Man, 1902)	unidentified	Indonesia	
<i>Aliaporcellana suluensis</i> (Dana, 1852)	<i>Allorborniphus haigae</i>	Red Sea	
	<i>Aporobopyrus dollfusi</i>		

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TABLE 2. (continued)

Host species	Parasite species	Locality (ies)	Note
<i>Aliaporcellana testophila</i> (Johnson, 1958)	unidentified	Indonesia	
<i>Enosteoides ornatus</i> (Stimpson, 1858)	unidentified	Singapore	
<i>Lissoporecellana quadrilobata</i> (Miers, 1884)	<i>Aporobopyrus enosteoidis</i> <i>Aporobopyrus dollfusi</i>	Hong Kong Red Sea	
<i>Lissoporecellana spinuligera</i> (Dana, 1853)	unidentified	Seychelles	
<i>Madarateuchus vanderhorsti</i> (Schmitt, 1924)	<i>Aporobopyrus parvulus</i>	Moluccas	
<i>Megatobranchium festae</i> (Nobili, 1901)	<i>Astaliona cruciaria</i>	US Virgin Islands	
<i>Neopisosoma angustifrons</i> (Benedict, 1901)	unidentified	Colombia (Pacific)	
<i>Neopisosoma bicaillatum</i> Haig, 1960	<i>Aporobopyrus trilobatus</i>	Curacao	
<i>Neopisosoma mexicanum</i> (Streets, 1871)	unidentified	Colombia (Pacific)	
<i>Pachycheles ackleianus</i> A. Milne-Edwards, 1880	unidentified	Colombia (Pacific)	
<i>Pachycheles biocellatus</i> (Lockington, 1878)	<i>Aporobopyrus calypso</i>	Brazil	
<i>Pachycheles calculosus</i> Haig, 1960	<i>Kolourione premordica</i>	Gulf of Mexico	
<i>Pachycheles crassus</i> (A. Milne-Edwards, 1869)	unidentified	Malpelo Island, Colombia (Pacific)	
<i>Pachycheles greeleyi</i> (Rathbun, 1900)	unidentified	Colombia (Pacific)	
<i>Pachycheles holosericus</i> Schmitt, 1921	<i>Aporobopyrus curtatus</i>	Colombia (Pacific)	
<i>Pachycheles natalensis</i> (Krauss, 1843)	unidentified	Brazil	
<i>Pachycheles panamensis</i> Faxon, 1893	<i>Aporobopyrus muguensis</i>	California, USA	
<i>Pachycheles pectiniscarpus</i> Stimpson, 1858	<i>Pleurocrypta macrocephala</i>	Persian Gulf	17
<i>Pachycheles pilosus</i> (H. Milne Edwards, 1837)	unidentified	Pakistan	
<i>Pachycheles pubescens</i> Holmes, 1900	unidentified	Panama (Pacific); Colombia (Pacific)	
<i>Pachycheles rudis</i> Stimpson, 1859	<i>Aporobopyrus megacephalon</i>	Hong Kong	
<i>Pachycheles rugimanus</i> A. Milne-Edwards, 1880	<i>Aporobopyrus trilobatus</i>	Curacao	
<i>Pachycheles sculptus</i> (H. Milne Edwards, 1837)	<i>Aporobopyrus muguensis</i> <i>Aporobopyrus oviformis</i>	California, USA California, USA	
	<i>Aporobopyrus muguensis</i>	California, USA; Baja California, Mexico	
	<i>Aporobopyrus collardi</i>	Gulf of Mexico	
	<i>Aporobopyrus</i> sp.	Philippines	
	<i>Parioninella astridae</i>	Indonesia; Hong Kong	
	<i>Parioninella pacifica</i>	Palao	
	unidentified	Western Australia	
<i>Pachycheles stevensii</i> Stimpson, 1858	<i>Parione pachychelei</i>	Japan; Hong Kong	
<i>Pachycheles</i> sp.	<i>Parioninella astridae</i>	Hong Kong	

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TABLE 2. (continued)

Host species	Parasite species	Locality (ies)	Note
<i>Parapetrolisthes tortuensis</i> (Glassell, 1945)	unidentified	Colombia (Pacific)	
<i>Petrolisthes agassizi</i> Faxon, 1893	unidentified	Colombia (Pacific)	
<i>Petrolisthes armatus</i> (Gibbes, 1850)	<i>Aporobopyrus curtatus</i>	Florida (Atlantic & Gulf of Mexico), Louisiana, USA; Venezuela; Brazil	
	<i>Orbimorphus constrictus</i>	Peru	
	unidentified	Brazil	
<i>Petrolisthes asiaticus</i> (Leach, 1820)	<i>Aporobopyrus ryukuensis</i>	Japan	
	<i>Parionella richardsonae</i>	Indonesia	
	<i>Pleurocrypta macrocephala</i>	Indonesia	
	<i>Aporobopyrus ryukuensis</i>	Pakistan	
	<i>Pleurocrypta macrocephala</i>	Red Sea	
	unidentified	Pakistan	
<i>Petrolisthes cinctipes</i> (Randall, 1840)	<i>Discomorphus magnifolitus</i>	California, USA	
<i>Petrolisthes coccineus</i> (Owen, 1859)	<i>Aporobopyrina lamellata</i>	Japan	
	<i>Aporobopyrus oviformis</i>	Japan	
	<i>Aporobopyrus bourdonis</i>	California, USA; Mexico, Pacific	
<i>Petrolisthes edwardsii</i> (de Saussure, 1853)	unidentified	Colombia (Pacific)	
	<i>Aporobopyrus ryukuensis</i>	Palao	
<i>Petrolisthes fimbriatus</i> Borradaile, 1898	<i>Aporobopyrus curtatus</i>	Florida, USA; Caribbean; Brazil	
<i>Petrolisthes galathinus</i> (Bosc, 1802)	<i>Pleurocrypta petrolisthis</i>	Bonaire	
	unidentified	Colombia (Pacific)	
<i>Petrolisthes haigae</i> Chace, 1962	<i>Aporobopyrina lamellata</i>	Japan; Moluccas	
<i>Petrolisthes hastatus</i> Stimpson, 1858	<i>Aporobopyrus ryukuensis</i>	Japan	
	<i>Aporobopyrus trilobatus</i>	Mexico (Pacific)	
<i>Petrolisthes hians</i> Nobili, 1901	<i>Pleurocrypta macrocephala</i>	Japan; Korea	
<i>Petrolisthes japonicus</i> (de Haan, 1849)	<i>Aporobopyrus petrolistheae</i>	Japan	
	<i>petrolistheae</i>		
<i>Petrolisthes tamarckii</i> (Leach, 1820)	<i>Aporobopyrina lamellata</i>	Madagascar; Philippines; Thailand	
	<i>Aporobopyrus ryukuensis</i>	Palao	
	<i>Pleurocrypta macrocephala</i>	Singapore	
	unidentified	Micronesia	
	unidentified	Pakistan	
	unidentified	Seychelles	
<i>Petrolisthes marginatus</i> Stimpson, 1859	<i>Aporobopyrus bonairensis</i>	Bonaire	

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TABLE 2. (continued)

Host species	Parasite species	Locality (ies)	Note
<i>Petrolisthes militaris</i> (Heller, 1862)	<i>Aporobopyrus curtatus</i> <i>Aporobopyrus petrolisthcae palpifera</i> unidentified unidentified unidentified unidentified	North Carolina & Florida, USA; Barbados Indonesia Australia Philippines Seychelles Persian Gulf	
<i>Petrolisthes moluccensis</i> (de Man, 1888)	<i>Aporobopyrus trilobatus</i> unidentified	Costa Rica Colombia (Pacific)	
<i>Petrolisthes ortmanni</i> Nobili, 1901	<i>Aporobopyrus bonairensis</i> <i>Aporobopyrus curtatus</i> unidentified	Bonaire St. Eustatius Marquesas Islands	
<i>Petrolisthes pubescens</i> Stimpson, 1858	<i>Aporobopyrus bonairensis</i>	Bonaire; Netherlands Antilles	
<i>Petrolisthes quadratus</i> Benedict, 1901	<i>Aporobopyrus curtatus</i> <i>Aporobopyrina lamellata</i> <i>Aporobopyrus aduiticus</i> unidentified	Curacao Pakistan Eritrea Pakistan	
<i>Petrolisthes rufescens</i> (Heller, 1861)	<i>Allorborniphus scabriculi</i> <i>Aporobopyrina lamellata</i>	Philippines Queensland, Australia	
<i>Petrolisthes scabriculus</i> (Dana, 1852)	<i>Aporobopyrus</i> aff. <i>ryukyuensis</i> <i>Aporobopyrina lamellata</i> unidentified	Moluccas Madagascar Coral Sea	
<i>Petrolisthes tomentosus</i> (Dana, 1852)	<i>Aporobopyrina lamellata</i> unidentified unidentified unidentified	Mariana Islands Colombia (Pacific) Brazil	
<i>Petrolisthes zacae</i> Haig, 1968	<i>Aporobopyrus curtatus</i>	Philippines	
<i>Petrolisthes</i> sp.	<i>Aporobopyrus galleonus</i>	Northern Arabian Sea	
<i>Petrolisthes</i> sp.	<i>Aporobopyrus megacephalon</i>	Turkey (Aegean Sea)	
<i>Pistidia</i> cf. <i>bluteli</i> (Risso, 1816)	<i>Pleurocrypta porcellanaelongicornis</i>	Western Australia & Queensland, Australia	
<i>Pistidia dispar</i> (Stimpson, 1858)	<i>Anuropodone australiensis</i> <i>Parione pisidiae</i>	South Australia, Australia	
<i>Pistidia longicornis</i> (Linnaeus, 1767)	<i>Pleurocrypta porcellanaelongicornis</i>	UK; France (Atlantic); Netherlands; Morocco	

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TABLE 2. (continued)

Host species	Parasite species	Locality (ies)	Note
<i>Pisidia longimana</i> (Risso, 1816)	<i>Pleurocrypta porcellanaelongicornis</i>	Turkey (Aegean Sea)	
<i>Pisidia magdalenensis</i> (Glassell, 1936)	unidentified	Colombia (Pacific)	
<i>Pisosoma</i> sp.	<i>Aporobopyrus parvus</i>	Japan	
<i>Polyonyx obesulus</i> Miers, 1884	<i>Aporobopyrus pleopodatus</i>	Moluccas	
<i>Polyonyx pedalis</i> Nobili, 1905	<i>Parione ischyandra</i>	Indonesia	
<i>Polyonyx quadriunguiculatus</i> Glassell, 1935	unidentified	California, USA	
<i>Polyonyx</i> sp.	<i>Parioninella astridae</i>	Hong Kong	
<i>Porcellana sayana</i> (Leach, 1820)	<i>Aporobopyrus curtatus</i>	North Carolina, USA; US Virgin Islands; Brazil	
<i>Porcellana sigsbeiana</i> A. Milne-Edwards, 1880	unidentified	Colombia (Pacific)	
<i>Porcellanella triloba</i> White, 1852	unidentified	Gulf of Mexico	
	<i>Allorbimorphus lamellosus</i>	Indonesia; Persian Gulf	
	unidentified	Zanzibar	
Porcellanidae	<i>Aporobopyrus megacephalon</i>	Thailand	
Porcellanidae	<i>Parionella decdens</i>	China Sea	

NOTES

- (1) host unknown, but based on generic identification is either Galatheidae or Porcellanidae
- (2) host may also be *Allogalatea elegans*
- (2) host likely in Muididae based on identity of parasite
- (4) record for *Pseudione lenticeps* Shiino, 1958, a synonym
- (5) host cited as *Munida sanctipauli*
- (6) Page (1985) cited the host(s) as "*Galathea* ?sp." (for *P. hayi*) and also "*Munida* ?sp." for *P. infecta infecta* under "Material Examined" but under "Host" in both cases he cited *Munida gracilis* only.
- (7) host cited as *Munida subrugosa* Dana, 1852
- (8) South Africa record may be *Munida benguela* de Saint Laurent & Macpherson, 1988
- (9) may be *Munida benguela* de Saint Laurent & Macpherson, 1988
- (10) Spanish record originally as *Munida perarmata* A. Milne Edwards & Bouvier, 1894
- (11) host cited as *Munidopsis diomedea parvispina* Faxon, 1893
- (12) host cited as *Munidopsis spinosa*
- (13) host cited as *Munida beringana*
- (14) host cited as *Munidopsis subsquamosa latimana* Birstein & Zarenkov, 1970, a junior homonym of *M. latimana* Miyake & Baba, 1966
- (15) A swelling on the right side of the host's carapace appears as one produced by a bopyrid, but was empty on inspection
- (16) parasite cited as "*Bopyrus*" sp.
- (17) record for *Pleurocrypta yatsui* (Pearse, 1930), a synonym

TABLE 3. List of fossil squat lobsters and porcelain crabs hosting Bopyridae as evidenced by carapace swellings. All records from Weinberg Rasmussen *et al.* 2008.

Host species	Geologic period	Locality (ies)
GALATHEOIDEA: GALATHEIDAE		
<i>Mesogalatea striata</i> (Remes, 1895)	Jurassic fossil	Czechoslovakia, Austria
GALATHEOIDEA: MUNIDIDAE		
<i>Protomunida munidoides</i> (Seegerberg, 1900)	Jurassic fossil	Denmark
GALATHEOIDEA: MUNIDOPSISAE		
<i>Gastrosacus latirostris</i> Beurlen, 1929	Jurassic fossil	France
<i>Gastrosacus meyeri</i> (Moericke, 1889)	Jurassic fossil	Austria
<i>Gastrosacus weinfurteri</i> Bachmeyer, 1950	Miocene fossil	Hungary
<i>Gastrosacus wetzleri</i> von Meyer, 1851	Jurassic fossil	Germany, France, Czechoslovakia
<i>Gastrosacus zitteli</i> (Moericke, 1889)	Jurassic fossil	Czechoslovakia, Austria
<i>Paragalathea verrucosa</i> (Moericke, 1889)	Jurassic fossil	Czechoslovakia
GALATHEOIDEA: PORCELLANIDAE		
<i>Petrolisthes magnus</i> Müller, 1984	Miocene fossil	Hungary
<i>Pisidia cf. kokayi</i> (Müller, 1974)	Miocene fossil	Hungary

Six pseudionine genera (*Anuropodione* Bourdon, 1967, *Aporobopyrina* Shiino, 1934, *Aporobopyrus* Nobili, 1906, *Parionella* Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923, *Pleurocrypta* Hesse, 1865 and *Pseudione* Kossmann, 1881) contain species found parasitizing both squat lobsters and porcelain crabs. The only genus with species parasitizing hosts outside these two groups is *Pseudione*, but it is not monophyletic (Boyko & Williams 2009). Most species of bopyrids infesting squat lobsters and porcelain crabs have only been recorded from a single host species, but 20 (19%) species are known to occur on more than one squat lobster host species, and 12 (11%) from more than one porcelain crab host species. *Aporobopyrus retrorsa* (Richardson, 1910) parasitizes at least five species of squat lobsters from Japan, the Philippines, and Taiwan (Boyko 2004) while *Aporobopyrus curtatus* (Richardson, 1904) parasitizes seven host porcelain crabs in the western Atlantic (Lemos de Castro & Brasil Lima, 1980).

The deepest known described bopyrid is *Goleathopseudione bilobatus* Román-Contreras, 2008 from *Munidopsis antonii* collected at 4100 m. This record is exceeded by three unidentified bopyrids from 4430–4435 m (*Munidopsis profunda*, but without an actual bopyrid present in the carapace bulge), 4684–4718 m (*Munidopsis crassa*) and 5025–5210 m (*Munidopsis petalorhyncha*) (see Table 1 for further details). Most porcelain crab parasites are from the intertidal zone, with the rest nearly all from less than 100 m, although a record exists of a *Porcellana sigsbeiana* from 329 m in the Gulf of Mexico bearing an unidentified bopyrid.

The highest diversity of bopyrids associated with anomuran hosts is found in areas of the Indo–West Pacific such as the East Asian Sea (Fig. 1), which reflects the diversity patterns of bopyrids as a whole (Markham 1986; Williams & Boyko unpublished), of their hosts (Macpherson *et al.* 2010), and of marine biodiversity in general. The biogeography of bopyrids (Fig. 1) is influenced both by the distributions of definitive decapod and intermediate copepod hosts, the identities of the latter being largely unknown (Boyko & Williams 2009).

Bopyrids of squat lobsters show (Fig. 1) the highest diversity in the East Asian Sea and the Caribbean, with moderate numbers of species in the North West Pacific and West Africa. No species are known from the North West Atlantic, Central Indian Ocean, Arabian Sea, and Antarctic. Bopyrids of porcelain crabs also have the highest diversity in the East Asian Sea and the Caribbean, as well as the North West Pacific. No species are known from the Arctic, North West Atlantic, Mediterranean, West Africa, Central Indian Ocean, East Africa, and Antarctic.

Comparison of squat lobster and porcelain crab bopyrid diversity with that of hermit crabs (Fig. 1) shows similar patterns, with bopyrids of hermit crabs also having highest numbers in the East Asian Sea, Caribbean, and North West Pacific. Unlike for the bopyrids from the other taxa, hermit crab bopyrids are lacking only from the Antarctic.

The lack or low numbers of bopyrid species for all three host types in the Arctic and Antarctic reflects the low numbers (or absence of) suitable hosts in these regions. In the North West Atlantic, hermit crabs have moderate

diversity and are hosts for five bopyrid parasite species, whereas there are no porcelain crab hosts in this region. Squat lobster hosts do occur in deeper waters in the North West Atlantic, but no bopyrids have been described from them, although unidentified species are known (Boyko unpublished). The situation in the Central Indian Ocean is different, in that there are many suitable hosts present for all three groups but only two species of bopyrids are known from hermit crab hosts. This is clearly a reflection of limited sampling, rather than a real biogeographic pattern. The small numbers of known bopyrid species from these hosts in other regions, such as the South Pacific and Australia/New Zealand, are also underestimates of biodiversity (Boyko unpublished).

Nomenclatural issues

Aporobopyrus Nobili, 1906

Aporobopyrus dollfusi Bourdon, 1976

Aporobopyrus aduliticus: Monod, 1933: 224–227, figs. 47(1–3), 48, 49 (not *A. aduliticus* Nobili, 1906).

Aporobopyrus dollfusi Bourdon, 1976a: 188–189, 240; Bourdon, 1980: 237–242, figs. 1–2; Bourdon *et al.*, 1981: 498–499; Markham, 1988: 27; Kensley, 2001: 222.

Remarks. Bourdon (1976a) included an entry for “*Aporobopyrus dollfusi* Bourdon” with a note that the description was “sous presse” but that paper (which he apparently assumed would be published first) was not published until 1980. Bourdon (1976a) not only introduced the specific name, but also provided characters to differentiate it from other taxa in the genus, thereby making the name available from the earlier work.

Parionella Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923

Remarks. Bourdon (1976a: 219) stated that the type species of *Parionella* Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923 was *P. richardsonae* Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923. However, Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis (1923) described two species (*P. richardsonae* and *P. elegans* Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923) in their new genus without indication of which was the type species. Therefore, the type species of *Parionella* was selected as *P. richardsonae* by the subsequent designation of Bourdon (1976a).

Pleurocrypta Hesse, 1865

Pleurocrypta porcellanaelongicornis Hesse, 1876

Pleurocrypta Porcellanae longicornis Hesse, 1876: 24–27, pl. 9, figs. 22–33 (improper formation, see below).

Pleurocrypta porcellanae Giard, 1887: 1115; Giard & Bonnier, 1887a: 1309; Giard & Bonnier, 1887b: 104, 175, fig. 6.IV; Giard, 1888: 29; Giard & Bonnier, 1889: 258; Stebbing, 1893: 410; Giard, 1896: 250; Giard, 1899a: 497; Giard, 1899b: 47; Bonnier, 1900: 317–318, pl. 16; Richard, 1900: 71; Bohn, 1901: 508; Stebbing, 1908: 58; Tattersall, 1912a: 5–6; Tattersall, 1912b: 27–28; Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923: 80; Pérez, 1923a: 1765; Pérez, 1923b: 1935–1936; Pérez, 1925: 472–473; Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1926: 24–25, figs. 60–61; Pérez, 1927: 264; Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1931: 174–175; Shiino, 1933: 262; Pérez, 1935: 199; Moore, 1937: 116; Reverberi & Pitotti, 1943: 116; Caroli, 1946: 64; Reinhard, 1949: 26; Pike, 1953: 219, 225; Stock, 1960: 28–30, fig. 2; Bourdon, 1963: 428; Naylor, 1963: 148; Bourdon, 1965: 173–179, figs. 1a, b, 3c; Codreanu *et al.*, 1966: 1071; Bourdon, 1967b: 285; Bourdon, 1968: 218–220, 222, 281–299, 301, figs. 113–121; Danforth, 1970: 15, 17; Danforth, 1971: 101; Bourdon, 1972b: 833; Geldjaj & Kocataş, 1972: 28; Naylor, 1972: 69, 74, table 1; Smaldon & Naylor, 1972: 310–311; Hamond, 1974: 209; Markham, 1974b: 270–271, table 1; Bourdon, 1976a: 166, 224–225, 230, 232, 241; Huwae, 1976: 65–69, figs. 1, 2; Martin, 1976: 457–458, 460–463, pl. 2, fig. 2, pl. 3, figs. 1–4; Vervoort, 1976: 220, fig. 11; Huwae, 1977: 27, fig. B3; Huwae, 1979: 71; Wenner & Windsor, 1979: 302; Adema & Huwae, 1982: 47–49, fig. 6; Isaac *et al.*, 1990: 402, 404; Hayward *et al.*, 1995: 358, 360; Hansson, 1998: 64; Trilles, 1999: 289, fig. 8.9; Van der Land, 2001: 322; Müller, 2004: 107, 261; Román-Contreras, 2008b: 101, fig. 10.

Pleurocryptus (sic) *porcellanae*: Gerstaecker, 1901: 260.

Pseudione sp. Tattersall, 1912a: 5; Farran, 1915: 55.

Pleurocrypta perezii Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1931: 174–175, figs. 52–53.
Pleurocrypta [sp.] Nouvel-Van Rysselberge, 1936a: 43; Nouvel-Van Rysselberge, 1936b: 43.
Pleurocrypta longicornis: Bourdon, 1960: 146.
Pseudione convergens Stock, 1960: 28–30, fig. 1; Bourdon, 1965: 173–179, figs. 1i, 2, 3a, b; Danforth, 1970: 17; Danforth, 1971: 101.
Pleurocrypta porcellana [sic]: Wimpenny, 1966: 125.
Pleurocrpta [sic] Geldjay & Kocataş, 1970: 28.
Pleurocrypta porcellanea [sic]: Kirkim *et al.*, 2008: 382, 384.

Remarks. Hesse (1876) did not name this species in the usual sense of the concept in that he merely provided a Latin translation of the French vernacular phrase “pleurocrypte de porcellane longicorne” (the *Pleurocrypta* of *Porcellana longicornis*), although he did include the notation of “Nobis” after the Latin text. Therefore, in accordance with ICZN Article 11.9.5, the species name cannot be cited as either “*porcellanae*” or “*longicornis*”, but rather must bear the unwieldy form of “*porcellanaelongicornis*,” as the name is based on that of the host species. Giard & Bonnier (1887b) cited Hesse (1876, p. 202 footnote) in the context of another species discussed in that paper to lament the publication of Hesse’s entire series, *Crustaces rares ou nouveaux des côtes de France*, which they considered to be of substandard quality. Interestingly, Giard & Bonnier (1887b) did not place the blame for the “déplorable gâchis introduit dans la Carcinologie” on Hesse, but rather on the professors of La Sorbonne and the Museum who allowed these “plus bizarres élucubrations” to be published in their journals.

It should be noted that Hesse’s first initial is given as “M.” in his publications, but that this stood for “Monsieur”, as his given name was Charles Eugène Hesse (see Delamare Deboutteville 1965) and he was an amateur zoologist. For reasons unexplained, he is most often cited in copepod publications (e.g., Özdikmen 2008) as “E. Hesse” (a usage which never appeared in any of his papers). Hesse should be cited in bibliographies as “Hesse, [C. E.]”, as this is the most accurate form.

***Pleurocrypta strigosa* Bourdon, 1968**

Pleurocrypta galathea (sic): Lo Bianco, 1888: 409 (not *Pleurocrypta galathea* Hesse, 1865).
Pleurocrypta strigosa Giard & Bonnier, 1890: 386 (*nomen nudum*); Stebbing, 1893: 410; Bonnier, 1900: 222, 317, 380; Richard, 1900: 72; Bohn, 1901: 508; Norman, 1905: 17; Norman, 1907: 363; Pike, 1953: 225; Le Sueur, 1954: 216; Bourdon, 1963: 428.
Pleurocrypta strigosa Bourdon, 1968: 220, 222–226, 264–265, figs. 79–81; Markham, 1974b: 271; Lemos de Castro & Brasil Lima, 1975: 129; Trilles, 1999: 329, 331; Junoy & Castelló, 2003: 303; Van der Land, 2001: 322.
Pleurocrypta strigosa Codreanu, Codreanu & Pike *in* Codreanu, 1968: 611–612 (new synonymy).

Remarks. Giard & Bonnier (1890) noted that the record of *Pleurocrypta galathea* (sic) from a *Galathea strigosa* (Linnaeus, 1761) collected off Naples, Italy as reported by Lo Bianco (1888) belonged instead to a new species they named *Pleurocrypta strigosa*. Unfortunately, they provided no description or illustrations for the species, rendering a *nomen nudum* that has been subsequently repeated by several authors (see synonymy list above). Both Bourdon (1968) and Codreanu, Codreanu & Pike *in* Codreanu (1968) coincidentally made the name available in 1968, describing (and in Bourdon’s case, also figuring) the species from the same host taxon in France (Bourdon 1968) and Spain (Bourdon 1968, Codreanu 1968). There is no additional evidence to specify the date of publication of Bourdon (1968) or of Codreanu (1968) beyond the year given in the papers themselves (Service des Publications scientifiques, Muséum national d’Histoire naturelle, pers. comm.; Iorgu Petrescu, pers. comm.), so their date of publication must be accepted as 31 Dec 1968 (fide ICZN Article 21.3.2). As both the *Pleurocrypta strigosa* of Bourdon (1968) and Codreanu, Codreanu & Pike *in* Codreanu (1968) are synonymous as well as homonymous, we select the taxon as described by Bourdon to be the senior synonym because his description is far superior and accompanied by illustrations of the species.

Names in synonymy

The following is a list of all the names of bopyrid parasites of squat lobsters and porcelain crabs which have been placed in synonymy, each given under the currently recognized valid name for their taxon.

Aporobopyrus curtatus (Richardson, 1904)
= *Aporobopyrus johannis* Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1929
Aporobopyrus retrorsa (Richardson, 1910)
= *Pseudione lenticeps* Shiino, 1958

Pleurocrypta galataeae Hesse, 1865
= *Pleurocrypta galathea* (*sic*) auct.
= *Pleurocrypta hendersoni* Giard & Bonnier, 1890 (*nomen nudum*)
= *Pleurocrypta nexa* Stebbing in Herdman, 1894
= *Pleurocrypta marginata* G. O. Sars, 1898
= *Pleurocrypta hendersoni* Bonnier, 1900
= *Pleurocrypta galathea* (*sic*) var. *northumbriensis* Flattely, 1922
= *Pleurocrypta hessei* Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1931

Pleurocrypta macrocephala Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1923
= *Probopyrus yatsui* Pearse, 1930

Pleurocrypta microbranchiata G. O. Sars, 1898
= *Pleurocrypta intermedia* Giard & Bonnier, 1890 (*nomen nudum*)
= *Pleurocrypta intermedia* Bonnier, 1900

Pleurocrypta porcellanaelongicornis Hesse, 1876
= *Pleurocrypta Porcellanae longicornis* Hesse, 1876 (see above)
= *Pleurocrypta perezi* Nierstrasz & Brender à Brandis, 1931
= *Pseudione convergens* Stock, 1960

Pleurocryptella formosa Bonnier, 1900
= *Pleurocrypta formosa* Giard & Bonnier, 1888 (*nomen nudum*)

Pseudione crenulata G. O. Sars, 1898
= *Palaegyge insignis* Giard & Bonnier, 1890 (*nomen nudum*)
= *Pseudione insignis* Bonnier, 1900

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