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A revision of the generic status of *Periclimenes jackhintoni* Bruce, 2006, with a new key to the genus *Laomenes* Clark (Crustacea: Decapoda: Palaemonidae)

The genus *Laomenes* was designated by A.H. Clark (1919), as a replacement name for the preoccupied name *Corniger* Borradaile 1915. Until recently subsequent authors considered it to be a synonym of *Periclimenes* Costa 1844. Only three species were referred to this genus, as *P. amboinensis* (De Man, 1888), *P. ceratophthalmus* Borradaile, 1915, and *P. cornutus* Borradaile, 1915. The genus *Laomenes* Clark has now been resurrected by Okuno and Fujita (January 2007), with the additional inclusion of a further species, *Parapontonia nudirostris* Bruce, 1968, the genus *Parapontonia* Bruce, 1968, being regarded as a junior synonym of *Laomenes* Clark.

Immediately prior to the appearance of Okuno and Fujita's paper, a new species of *Periclimenes* was described by Bruce (December 2006). This species, *P. jackhintoni*, from Tonga, conformed precisely with the definition of the genus *Laomenes* provided by Okuno and Fujita and was obviously congeneric with the other species referred to *Laomenes* Clark. The genus *Laomenes* Clark now includes five species, all obligatory associates of crinoid hosts.

Laomenes jackhintoni (Bruce, 2006) comb. nov.

Periclimenes jackhintoni Bruce, 2006, 23-29, figs 1-5.

Remarks. Known only from the male holotype specimen (NTM Cr004258) from an unidentified crinoid host from 1.5m, collected from Nukualofa, Tongatapu, Tongan Islands

Key to the species of Laomenes Clark (after Okuno & Fujita, 2007)

1.	Rostrum unarmed dorsally
_	Rostrum dorsally dentate
2.	Rostrum very slender, ventrally curved, sickle shaped, with 2 small distodorsal teethL. jackhintoni (Bruce, 2006)
_	Rostrum normal, not slender, sickle shaped
3.	Rostral ventral margin unarmed; hepatic spine exceeding anterior margin of carapace
_	Rostral ventral margin armed with 1 tooth; hepatic spine posterior to anterior margin of carapace4
4.	Chelae of second pereiopods long and slender; propodi of ambulatory pereiopods with numerous setae
_	Chelae of second pereiopods short and stout; propodi of ambulatory pereiopods with a few setae ventrodistally

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